Year 5 – Design and Technology Overview



| Торіс | Electrical Systems - Doodlers | Structures - Bridges | Mechanisms – Life Cycle Pop Up Book | | | | |
|----------------------------|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| Linked Books | | 13 Bridges Children Should Know | How do THIS BOOK THINKS YOU'RE AN INVENTOR | | | | |
| Designer/Archi | Elon Musk | Zaha Hadid | Ole Kirk Christiansen | | | | |
| tect/Engineer/ Inventor | | | | | | | |
| | Substantive knowledge | | | | | | |
| Technical | To know that series circuits only have one direction for the electricity to flow. To know when there is a break in a series circuit, all components turn off. To know that an electric motor converts electrical energy into rotational movement, causing the motor's axle to spin. To know a motorised product is one which uses a motor to function. | To understand some different ways to reinforce structures. To understand how triangles can be used to reinforce bridges. To know that properties are words that describe the form and function of materials. To understand why material selection is important based on properties. | To know that mechanisms control movement. To understand that mechanisms can be used to change one kind of motion into another. To understand how to use sliders, pivots and folds to create paper-based mechanisms. | | | | |

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| | | To u brown for the material (functional and aesthetic) properties of wood. | |
|------------|---|--|---|
| Additional | To know that product analysis is critiquing the strengths and weaknesses of a product. To know that 'configuration' means how the parts of a product are arranged. | To understand the difference between arch, beam, truss and suspension bridges. To understand how to carry and use a saw safely. | To know that an automata is a hand powered mechanical toy. To know that a cross-sectional diagram shows the inner workings of a product. To understand how to use a bench hool and saw safely. To know that a set square can be used to help mark 90° angles. |
| | | Skills | |
| Design | Identifying factors that could be changed on existing products and explaining how these would alter the form and function of the product. Developing design criteria based on findings from investigating existing products. Developing design criteria that clarifies the target user. | Designing a stable structure that is able to support weight. Creating a frame structure with a focus on triangulation. | Designing a pop-up book which uses a mixture of structures and mechanisms. Naming each mechanism, input and output accurately. Storyboarding ideas for a book. |
| Make | Altering a product's form and function by tinkering with its configuration. Making a functional series circuit, incorporating a motor. Constructing a product with consideration for the design criteria. Breaking down the construction process into steps so that others can make the product. | Making a range of different shaped beam bridges. Using triangles to create truss bridges that span a given distance and support a load. Building a wooden bridge structure. Independently measuring and marking wood accurately. Selecting appropriate tools and equipment for particular tasks. Using the correct techniques to saws safely. | Following a design brief to make a pop up book, neatly and with focus on accuracy. Making mechanisms and/or structures using sliders, pivots and folds to produce movement. Using layers and spacers to hide the workings of mechanical parts for an aesthetically pleasing result. |

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| Primary School | | | | | |
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| | | • Iden , ere a structure needs reinforcement and using card corners for | | | |
| | | support. | | | |
| | | • Explaining why selecting appropriating | | | |
| | | materials is an important part of the design | | | |
| | | process. | | | |
| | | Understanding basic wood functional | | | |
| | | properties. | | | |
| Evaluate | Carry out a product analysis to look at the purpose of a product along with its strengths and weaknesses. Determining which parts of a product affect its function and which parts affect its form. Analysing whether changes in configuration positively or negatively affect an existing product. Peer evaluating a set of instructions to build a | Adapting and improving own bridge structure by identifying points of weakness and reinforcing them as necessary. Suggesting points for improvements for own bridges and those designed by others. | Evaluating the work of others and receiving feedback on own work. Suggesting points for improvement. | | |
| | product. Circuit component, configuration, current, | Abutment, accurate, arched bridge, beam | Aesthetic, computer-aided design (CAD), | | |
| Vocabulary | develop, DIY, investigate, motor, motorised, | bridge, coping saw, evaluation, file, mark | caption, design, design brief, design | | |
| | problem solve, product analysis, series circuit, | out, material properties, measure, predict, | criteria, exploded-diagram, function, | | |
| | stable, target user. | reinforce, research, sandpaper, set square, | input, linkage, mechanism, motion, | | |
| | | suspension bridge, tenon saw, test, truss | output, pivot, prototype, slider, structure, | | |
| | | bridge, wood. | template. | | |